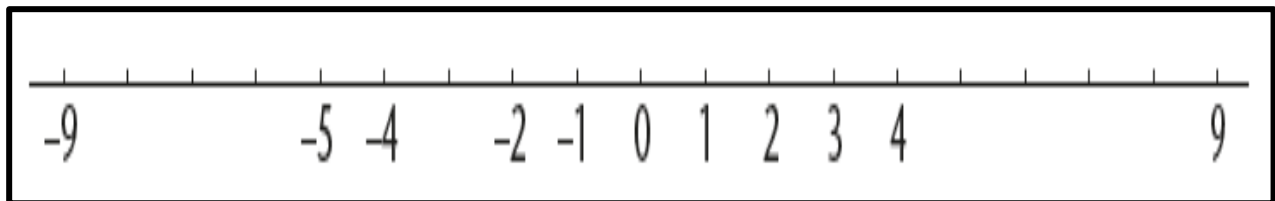


TOPIC: INTEGERS**KEYWORDS:****NEGATIVE NUMBERS** – Is a number that is less than zero.**INTEGERS** – Are positive and negative numbers.**NATURAL NUMBERS** – Are the positive numbers integers used for counting and ordering.**ASCENDING ORDER** – Means from smallest to greatest.**DESCENDING ORDER** – Means from greatest to smallest.**Complete the following number line.**

1	Use the number line above to replace the with the correct relationship sign: Fill in $<$; $>$ or $=$		
1.1	-3		-5
1.2	-7		-4
1.3	-5		8
1.4	0		-5
1.5	5		-5
1.6	5		-2
1.7	-2		4
1.8	-7		2

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1.9	-15		5	
1.10	19		-5	
2	Arrange these numbers in ascending order:			
2.1	0; -4; 5; -5; -8			
2.2	7; -6; -1; 3; -5			
2.3	3; -5; 4; -2; 1; -6			
2.4	-5; -4; 0; -10; -6; -9; -8			
2.5	-136; -105; -162; -129; -144; -117; -153			
3	Arrange these numbers in descending order:			
3.1	-1; 1; 0; 2; -2			
3.2	-3; -5; 3; 5; 4; -4			
3.3	-2; -5; -7; -4; -9			
3.4	41; 54; -31; -79; 57			
3.5	43; -54; 44 - 55; -37; 22; 52			
4	Calculate the following. Use the number line to guide you.			
4.1	$-5 + 5 =$			
4.2	$10 - 12 =$			
4.3	$-7 + 2 =$			
4.4	$7 - 5 =$			
4.5	$-6 - 2 =$			

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4.6	$-5 - 2 + 3 =$
4.7	$-6 + 8 - 7 =$
4.8	$9 - 11 + 2 =$
4.9	$10 - 6 + 2 =$
4.10	$9 - 4 - 2 =$

MULTIPLY WITH INTEGERS

You can summarise the sign rules for MULTIPLICATION as follows:

= a positive integer $\times$ a positive integer

= a positive integer, for example:

$$= 3 \times 2 = 6$$

= a positive integer $\times$ a negative integer

= a negative integer, for example:

$$= 3 \times -2 = -6$$

= a negative integer $\times$ a positive integer

= a negative integer, for example:

$$= -3 \times 2 = -6$$

= a negative integer $\times$ a negative integer

= a positive integer, for example:

$$= -3 \times -2 = 6$$

5	Calculate the following:
5.1	$-6 \times 4 =$
5.2	$5 \times 3 =$
5.3	$-4 \times (-6) =$

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5.4	$3 \times -4 =$
5.5	$-4 \times -5 =$
5.6	$2 \times (-3) \times (-5) =$
5.7	$-4 \times (-1) \times -9 =$
5.8	$-5 \times (-4) \times 3 \times (-2) =$
5.9	$-2 \times (-3) \times (-2) \times (-3) \times (-5) =$
5.10	$5 \times (-2) \times (-1) \times (-2) \times (-3) =$

DIVIDE WITH INTEGERS

You can summarise the sign rules for DIVISION as follows:

= *a positive integer $\div$ a positive integer*

= *a positive integer, for example:*

$$= 6 \div 2 = 3$$

= *a positive integer $\div$ a negative integer*

= *a negative integer, for example:*

$$= 6 \div -2 = -3$$

= *a negative integer $\div$ a positive integer*

= *a negative integer, for example:*

$$= -6 \div 2 = -3$$

= *a negative integer $\div$ a negative integer*

= *a positive integer, for example:*

$$= -6 \div -2 = 3$$

6	Calculate the following:
6.1	$-16 \div 2 =$

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6.2	$25 \div (-5) =$
6.3	$-44 \div (-11) =$
6.4	$20 \div (-5) =$
6.5	$-20 \div 5 =$
6.6	$-20 \div (-4) =$
6.7	$30 \div (-5) \div (-3) =$
6.8	$-20 \div (-5) \div (-2) =$
6.9	$-12 \div (-2) \div 3 =$
6.10	$-67 \div (-1) =$

CALCULATIONS WITH ALL FOUR OPERATIONS

Before you can solve problems that involve multiple operations with integers, you need to revise the order of operations. When a mathematical problem includes more than one operation, you need to use the following order.

- B** - Brackets
- O** - Other operations
- D** - Division
- M** - Multiplication
- A** - Addition
- S** - Subtraction

7	Calculate the following:
7.1	$(-5 + 3) \times (-4) =$

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7.2	$-5 + 3 \times (-4) =$
7.3	$(-6 + 4) \times 3 =$
7.4	$-6 + 4 \times 3 =$
7.5	$(-3 - 5) \times (-2) =$
7.6	$-3 - 5 \times (-2) =$
7.7	$(10 - 8) \div (-2) =$
7.8	$10 - 8 \div (-2) =$
7.9	$4 \times 6 - 6 =$
7.10	$-2 \times 3 - 3$
7.11	$-5 \times (-8) \div (-2) =$
7.12	$16 \div (-4) - 12 =$
7.13	$-25 \div 5 + (-8) =$
7.14	$30 \div (-6) - (-2) =$
7.15	$20 - 6 \times 5 =$
7.16	$-20 + 14 \div 2 =$
7.17	$-15 + 4 \times -3 =$
7.18	$-25 + 13 - (-7) =$
7.19	$-4 \times (-6) + 8 \times (-2) =$
7.20	$5 \times (-3) - 12 \div 3 =$